

# DualCompression Hindfoot Nail

2025 Coding and Reimbursement Guidelines

To help answer common coding and reimbursement questions about arthroscopic, endoscopic, or surgical procedures completed with the products described in this guide, the following information is shared for educational and strategic planning purposes only. Information described in this guide is intended solely for use as a resource tool to assist physician office and ambulatory surgical center billing staff regarding potential reimbursement challenges. It is the sole responsibility of the treating health care professional to diagnose and treat the patient, and to confirm coverage, coding, and claim submission guidance with the patient's health insurance plan to ensure claims are accurate, complete, and supported by documentation in the patient's medical record. Any determination regarding if and how to seek reimbursement should be made only by the appropriate members of the staff, in consultation with the physician, and in consideration of the procedure performed or therapy provided to a specific patient. Arthrex does not recommend or endorse the use of any particular diagnosis or procedure code(s) and makes no determination if or how reimbursement may be available. Of important note, reimbursement codes and payment, as well as health policy and legislation, are subject to continual change.

## Regulatory Clearance

The Arthrex DualCompression Hindfoot Fusion Nail Implant System is intended to facilitate tibiotalar calcaneal arthrodesis to treat severe foot/ankle deformity, arthritis, instability, and skeletal defects after tumor resection. These include neuro-osteoarthritis (Charcot foot), avascular necrosis of the talus, failed joint replacement, failed ankle fusion, distal tibia fracture nonunions, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, and pseudoarthrosis (K221031, November 2022).

## Value Analysis Significance

The Arthrex DualCompression hindfoot nail differentiates itself from static and dynamized IM nails by the use of tensioning of the stainless-steel cable, providing intraoperative compression and further stretching the superelastic nitinol core for a maximum combined total sustained compression of 8 mm (180 mm nail) or 10 mm (210, 240, and 300 mm nails).<sup>1</sup>

## Physician's Professional Fee

The primary open surgical procedure determined by the surgeon may include:

2025 Medicare National Average Rates and Allowables (Not Adjusted for Geography)		Physician <sup>b,c</sup>		Hospital Outpatient <sup>d</sup>		ASC <sup>e</sup>
		Medicare National Average				
CPT <sup>a</sup> Code HCPCS Code	Code Description	Facility Setting (HOPD and ASC)	Non-Facility Setting (Office)	APC and APC Description	Medicare National Average	Medicare National Average
<b>Foot/Ankle</b>						
<b>27870</b>	Arthrodesis ankle, open	\$990.45	N/A	5115-Level 5 Musculoskeletal (MSK) Procedure	\$12,866.82	\$9589.26
<b>28725</b>	Arthrodesis subtalar	\$767.58	N/A	5115-Level 5 MSK Procedure	\$12,866.82	\$9447.32
<b>28715</b>	Triple arthrodesis	\$928.02	N/A	5115-Level 5 MSK Procedure	\$12,866.82	\$9698.00
<b>28705</b>	Pantalar arthrodesis	\$1195.53	N/A	5116-Level 6 MSK Procedure	\$18,390.05	\$14,094.36

<sup>a</sup> CPT (Current Procedural Terminology) is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. Health care providers and their professional coders must closely review this primary citation along with the patient's medical record before selecting the appropriate code.

<sup>b</sup> AMA CPT 2025 and CMS PFS 2025 Final Rule

<sup>c</sup> CMS Conversion Factor (CF) effective January 1, 2025: \$32.3465

<sup>d</sup> CMS 2025 OPFS Final Rule @ [www.cms.gov](http://www.cms.gov)

<sup>e</sup> CMS 2025 ASC Final Rule @ [www.cms.gov](http://www.cms.gov)



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HCPCS Code	Code Description	Notes
<b>C1713</b>	<b>Anchor/screw for opposing bone-to-bone or soft tissue-to-bone (implantable)</b> Implantable pins and/or screws that are used to oppose soft tissue-to-bone, tendon-to-bone, or bone-to-bone. Screws oppose tissues via drilling as follows: soft tissue-to-bone, tendon-to-bone, or bone-to-bone fixation. Pins are inserted or drilled into bone, principally with the intent to facilitate stabilization or oppose bone-to-bone. This may include orthopedic plates with accompanying washers and nuts. This category also applies to synthetic bone substitutes that may be used to fill bony void or gaps (ie, bone substitute implanted into a bony defect created from trauma or surgery).	For Medicare, anchors/screws/joint devices are not separately reimbursed in any setting of care (eg, hospital, ASC). These costs are absorbed by the facility via the appropriate reimbursement mechanism (eg, MS-DRG, APC, etc)
<b>L8699</b>	<b>Prosthetic implant, no otherwise specified</b> This code reports prosthetic implants that are not otherwise described in more specific HCPCS Level II codes.	For non-Medicare (eg, commercial) patients, depending on contractual terms and general stipulations of the payer, direct invoicing by the facility may be allowed. Contact the patient's insurance company or the facility's payer contract for further information.
<b>A4649</b>	<b>Surgical supplies; miscellaneous</b> This code reports miscellaneous surgical supplies and should only be reported if a more specific HCPCS Level II or CPT code is not available.	

List of Pass-Through Payment Device Category Codes (Updated September 2022) [https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/HospitalOutpatientPPS/passthrough\\_payment](https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/HospitalOutpatientPPS/passthrough_payment)

## Inpatient Billing

For inpatient procedures, the following steps are applied to generate a reimbursement payment.

1. ICD-10 diagnosis codes are assigned based on the patient diagnoses. Multiple codes may be assigned to a patient if multiple diagnoses exist. For example, both ICD10 diagnosis codes E08.40 (diabetes) and M12.579 (arthropathy) are comorbidities commonly associated with patients who are treated with the Arthrex DualCompression hindfoot nail.

Diagnosis Code	Description	Non-CC	CC	MCC
<b>E08.40</b>	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified	✓		
<b>M12.579</b>	Traumatic arthropathy, unspecified ankle and foot	✓		
<b>M14.60</b>	Charcot's joint, unspecified site	✓		
<b>M19.079</b>	Primary osteoarthritis, unspecified ankle and foot	✓		
<b>M19.279</b>	Secondary osteoarthritis, unspecified ankle and foot	✓		
<b>M21.6X9</b>	Other acquired deformities of ankle and foot	✓		
<b>M89.70</b>	Major osseous defect, unspecified site	✓		
<b>Z47.2</b>	Encounter for removal of internal fixation device	✓		
<b>M87.276</b>	Osteonecrosis due to previous trauma, unspecified foot		✓	
<b>M96.0</b>	Pseudarthrosis after fusion or arthrodesis		✓	
<b>S92.909K</b>	Unspecified fracture of unspecified foot, subsequent encounter for fracture with nonunion		✓	
<b>S92.909P</b>	Unspecified fracture of unspecified foot, subsequent encounter for fracture with malunion		✓	
<b>T84.498A</b>	Other mechanical complication of other orthopedic devices, implants and grafts, initial encounter		✓	
<b>T84.84XA</b>	Pain due to internal orthopedic prosthetic devices, implants and grafts, initial encounter		✓	
<b>T86.831</b>	Bone graft failure		✓	
<b>Z68.41</b>	Body mass index (BMI) 40.0-44.9, adult		✓	
<b>N18.6</b>	End stage renal disease			✓

The ICD-10 diagnosis codes are designated as noncomplication/comorbidity (Non-CC), complications and comorbidities (CC), and major complications and comorbidities (MCC). These classifications correlate to what MS-DRG code and subsequent payment is generated. Additional codes that may be applicable can be found in the Appendices.



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- An ICD-10-PCS procedure code is assigned based on the procedures performed to address the diagnosis.
- The ICD-10 procedure code is matched with all ICD-10 diagnosis codes. The combined codes will generate the corresponding MS-DRG codes.

Procedure	Procedure Code	Description
Ankle Fusion	OSGF03Z	Fusion of right ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, open approach
	OSGF33Z	Fusion of right ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous approach
	OSGF43Z	Fusion of right ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous endoscopic approach
	OSGG03Z	Fusion of left ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, open approach
	OSGG33Z	Fusion of left ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous approach
	OSGG43Z	Fusion of left ankle joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous endoscopic approach
Triple Arthrodesis and Subtalar Fusion	OSGH03Z	Fusion of right tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, open approach
	OSGH33Z	Fusion of right tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous approach
	OSGH43Z	Fusion of right tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous endoscopic approach
	OSGJ03Z	Fusion of left tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, open approach
	OSGJ33Z	Fusion of left tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous approach
	OSGJ33Z	Fusion of left tarsal joint with sustained compression internal fixation device, percutaneous endoscopic approach

- MS-DRG codes are submitted and used to determine payment amounts. A DRG code will take into account multiple conditions that may apply to a given patient. An example CC would be an implant removal (ICD-10 code T84.498A) in combination with another primary diagnosis.

Procedure	Procedure Code	Description
492	Lower extremity and humeral procedure except hip, foot, femur with MCC	\$25,270.00
493	Lower extremity and humeral procedure except hip, foot, femur with CC	\$17,086.00
494	Lower extremity and humeral procedure except hip, foot, femur without CC/MCC	\$13,417.00

The payment numbers listed are based on national average unadjusted Medicare payments. It is also important to note that both Medicare and private payer reimbursement varies regionally and by facility.

For more information about the primary procedure, please speak with your admitting surgeon. You may also call the Arthrex Coding Helpline at 1-844-604-6359 or email [AskMarketAccess@arthrex.com](mailto:AskMarketAccess@arthrex.com).

#### Reference

- Arthrex, Inc. Data on file (c10818). Naples, FL; 2020.

The content provided in this guide is for informational purposes only. The Arthrex Coding Helpline does not guarantee reimbursement by third-party payers.

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